

# Thermochemical, Thermodynamic, and Transport Properties of Halogenated Hydrocarbons and Mixtures

Poster presented at the IUPAC Congress/General Assembly *July 2001* 

## **Aims**

To improve our knowledge and understanding of thermodynamic and transport properties for these compounds and mixtures in the fluid state.

This is of industrial importance because these fluids find application:

- as solvents
- as refrigerant and air-conditioning fluids
- as foam-blowing agents
- as artificial oxygen carriers, and in liquid ventilation
- as fluorous media for biphasic catalysis

## Workshop, Paris 2001

The purpose of this workshop - with 11 invited lectures, 27 oral and 59 poster presentations, and a round-table discussion - was

- to consider environmental constraints and regulations
- to present and discuss new experimental measurements, particularly for the systems:
  - propane/butane + refrigerants
  - binary and ternary HFC mixtures
  - higher alkanes/ethers + fluoroalkanes
  - lubricant oils + refrigerants
  - gas + perfluorocarbons, with medical application

- to present and discuss the results of calculation, particularly:
  - intermolecular potential calculations for methane-, ethaneand propane-derived HCFCs and HFCs using *ab initio* methods, to develop models for calculation of macroscopic properties
  - molecular simulations, especially for methane derivatives
- to present and discuss improved correlation methods

## **Invited lectures**

#### **Environmental issues:**

Actions in the European Union against ozone depletion and climate change: impacts on the refrigeration and air-conditioning industriesN. Campbell, ATOFINA
EC policy on protecting the ozone layer - the new regulation
Refrigerants and air-conditioning:
Fluorocarbons in refrigeration and air-conditioning: main options of the French national programC. Ewald, M.A.T.E.
Are we near an industry standard for refrigerant properties?D.B. Bivens and J.R. Morley, DuPont Fluoroproducts

#### Thermodynamic properties:

High pressure phase equilibrium and spectroscopic investigations up to 200 MPa on binary mixtures containing a fluorinated compound, an ether, an inert gas, an alkane, or a selected polar substance: review and new results.... G.M. Schneider, Bochum

Electrical characterization of ten binary and ternary alternative refrigerant mixturess....A.Laesecke and R.F. Hafer, NIST, USA

Thermodynamic properties of binary HFC + HC refrigerants Y. Kayukawa, S. Naganuma, and K. Watanabe, Keio Univ., Japan

#### **Computations:**

The use of computational chemistry to predict the phase behaviour of complex systems.....S.I. Sandler, Univ. of Delaware

#### **Correlation methods:**

Advanced development of the corresponding states modeling techniques in the three-parameter format. Applications to refrigerants............G. Scalabrin, Universita di Padova, Italy

## **Selected Oral Presentations**

A decade of progress in calorimetry: HFCs and their mixtures
J.W. Magee, NIST, Boulder, USA
Thermodynamics of refrigerants plus lubricant oils
K.N. Marsh and M. Kandl, Univ. of Canterbury, New Zealand
Prediction of thermophysical properties of mixtures of
alternative refrigerants by molecular simulations
M. Fermeglia, O. Milocco, and S. Pricl, Univ. of Trieste, Italy
On the correlation of transport properties of liquid mixtures
M.J. Assael, N.K. Dalaouti, and I. Metaxa, Thessaloniki, Greece
VLE measurements and modeling for the strongly positive
azeotrope R32 + propane systemS. Bobbo, L. Fedele, and
R. Camporese, Padova, Italy and R. Stryjek, Warsaw, Poland

## **Publications**

Two Workshops have been held as part of this project. The Workshop Proceedings are published as Special Issues of *Fluid Phase Equilibria*:

1st International Workshop, Pisa, Italy, Dec. 15-18, 1999 in *Fluid Phase Equilibria*, Vol. 174 (2000), 1-246

2nd International Workshop, Paris, France, April 9-11, 2000, *Fluid Phase Equilibria*, to be published.

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